September 3, 2017

On August 18, 2017, the Association for Asian Studies (AAS) was informed that Chinese authorities had requested Cambridge University Press (CUP) remove 94 *Journal of Asian Studies* (JAS) articles and book reviews from its website in the People’s Republic of China.¹ The AAS and CUP refused that request, and no JAS articles or book reviews have been blocked in China. In the interest of transparency, below is the complete list that AAS received from CUP of the “sensitive” JAS pieces as identified by Chinese authorities and organized chronologically (oldest to newest).

Although we have removed author names below, the AAS has made every effort to contact the authors of these works and inform them of their presence on this list. If any authors of the articles or book reviews listed here have questions or concerns, we ask them to contact AAS Digital Media Manager Maura Cunningham at mcunningham@asian-studies.org for assistance.

Please also see the August 21, 2017 “AAS Statement on Cambridge University Press Censorship in China.”


¹ Previous statements identified the number of JAS articles/book reviews on the list as “approximately 100,” but there were several duplicate entries.


“On Tibet as a Stateless Society.” *JAS* 41, no. 4, pp. 803-805.


“Inside Taiwan’s Sunflower Movement: Twenty-Four Days in a Student-Occupied Parliament, and the Future of the Region.” *JAS* 74, no. 1, pp. 5-21.


“Development as Entangled Knot: The Case of the Slaughter Renunciation Movement in Tibet, China.” *JAS* 74, no. 4, pp. 927-951.

“Creating a Textual Public Space: Slogans and Texts from Hong Kong’s Umbrella Movement.” *JAS* 75, no. 3, pp. 673-702.


“From Beijing to Palestine: Zhang Chengzhi’s Journeys from Red Guard Radicalism to Global Islam.” *JAS* 75, no. 4, pp. 891-911.